

CLASS-XII

SUBJECT: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE (EVSC)

SEMESTER-IV

FULL MARKS:35

CONTACT HOURS :80 HOURS

COURSE CODE: THEORY

Chapter	Subtopics	Contact	Marks
10.Environmen	4041.1.1.1.5.11.1.11.11	Hours	40
tal pollution	10.1 Introduction to Environmental Pollution	30	13
control and	• Pollutants: Definition and types.		
Green	10.2 Air Pollution		
Technology	• Pollutants: Major primary and secondary pollutants.		
	• Effects: Health impacts, photochemical smog, industrial		
	smog, temperature inversions, greenhouse effect, and		
	global warming.		
	• Control: Gaseous absorption, adsorption, cyclone		
	separators, ESP.		
	• Case Studies: Black carbon aerosol in the Himalayas,		
	Bhopal Gas Tragedy.		
	• NAAQS & AQI: Standards and calculations.		
	10.3 Water Pollution		
	• Sources: Surface, ground, and ocean water pollution.		
	• Concepts: DO, BOD, COD, Eutrophication.		
	• Health Impact: Waterborne diseases (Diarrhea,		
	Typhoid). • Control: Water quality standards, STP, ETP, WHO		
	guidelines.		
	• Case Studies: Ganga Action Plan (GAP), Minamata		
	Disaster.		
	10.4 Soil Pollution		
	• Causes and Effects: Impact on environment, vegetation,		
	and life forms.		
	• Control: Soil reclamation and pollution control		
	measures.		
	10.5 Noise Pollution		
	• Sources & Effects: Measurement, current situation in		
	India, prevention, and control.		
	10.6 Radioactive Pollution		
	• Types & Sources: Hazards and disposal methods.		
	• Case Study: Chernobyl disaster, 1986.		
	10.7 Analytical Methods with principles and		
	application		
	• Techniques: UV-VIS Spectrophotometry, Atomic		
	Absorption Spectrophotometry, Electrophoresis,		
	Chromatography, and Microscopy—properties, types, and		
	applications.		



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	10.8 Green Technologies with principles and		
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	application		
	• Technologies: CFLs, motion detection lighting,		
	programmable thermostats, carbon capture and storage		
	(CCS), Flue Gas Desulfurization (FGD), and solvent		
	recovery systems.		
11.EIA and	11.1 Concept of Environmental Management	30	12
Environmental	• Need for Environmental Management: Importance of		
management	managing environmental resources for sustainable		
	development.		
	• Environmental Aspects: Social, economic, and moral		
	approaches to environmental management.		
	11.2 Waste Management		
	• Solid Waste: Disposal, recycling, and treatment		
	methods.		
	• Liquid Waste: Management of wastewater, and		
	treatment technologies.		
	Biomedical Waste: Proper disposal and treatment of		
	healthcare-related waste.		
	• Hazardous Waste: Handling, disposal, and risk		
	mitigation.		
	11.3 3R Management:		
	• Reduce, Reuse, Recycle Key principles for waste		
	minimization and resource efficiency.		
	11.4 Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)		
	• Introduction to EIA: Definition, objectives, and		
	significance of conducting EIA for development projects.		
	• Types of EIA:		
	o Rapid EIA: Quick assessment for urgent projects.		
	o Comprehensive EIA: In-depth evaluation of large-scale		
	projects.		
	o Strategic EIA: Focused on policies, plans, and		
	programs.		
	• Methodologies of EIA: General procedures used to		
	evaluate the environmental impacts of projects.		
	• Fundamentals of the Latest EIA Notification (Draft)		
	2020 : Overview of the new guidelines and changes in the		
	draft notification.		
	· Case Studies of EIA:		
	o Hydropower Projects: Environmental concerns and		
	EIA studies for hydroelectric plants.		
	o Thermal Power Projects: Environmental impact		
	assessment for coal and gas-fired power plants.		
12.Environmen	12.1• Statistical Analysis Tools: Brief principle of	20	10
tal statistics	Sampling, probability theory, distributions (Normal,		
	Lognormal, Binomial, Poisson, t, F). Basic concepts of		
	mean, median ,mode, standard error, standard deviation,		
	correlation, regression, hypothesis testing (t-test, Chi-		
	square) with examples.		
	12.2 • Data Presentation: Basic concepts of Frequency,		
	histograms, pie charts, and pictograms.		
	12.3 • Environmental Modelling: Principles of Linear		
	simple and multiple regression models, validation, and		
	forecasting.		



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12.4 • Air Pollution Dispersion: Principles of Box model	
for air pollution modelling and prediction.	

