

WEST BENGAL COUNCIL OF HIGHER SECONDARY EDUCATION

SUBJECT: NUTRITION (NUTN)

CLASS – XII SEMESTER – III FULL MARKS: 35

Unit	Topics	Hrs	Marks
Unit 1 Nutritive Phase Of Digestion And Absorbtion	 I. BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL ASPECTS IN NUTRITION: Enzyme-definition and examples, characteristic features and enzyme activity, primary concept of coenzyme, cofactor, prosthetic group, Apo enzyme, holoenzyme, regulatory enzyme. Types of enzyme with special reference to digestive and metabolic enzymes Various biophysical process related to absorption diffusion, osmosis, facilitated diffusion, active and passive transport (elementary concept with examples) II. BREAKDOWN OF FOOD: DIGESTION AND ABSORPTION Alimentary system and parts of alimentary canal (elementary concept) Digestion -process, site, digestive juices their source, components and functions namely-saliva, gastric juice, pancreatic juice, succus entericus and bile 	15	12
Unit 2 Nutritive Phase Of Metabolism	 Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and fats. I. UTILISATION OF FOOD METABOLISM OF CARBOHYDRATES PROTEIN AND FATS: Metabolism meaning and types Carbohydrate metabolism with special reference to Cori cycle and blood sugar regulation role of hormones, hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia, glycosuria. Aerobic breakdown of Carbohydrates namely glycolysis and TCA Cycle, glycogenolysis. Anabolism of carbohydrates Glycogenesis and Gluconeogenesis (outline concept only) Protein metabolism with special reference to amino acid pool, deamination and urea synthesis through omithine cycle, transamination, decarboxylation and transmethylation and site of protein synthesis. Fat Metabolism elementary concept of beta oxidation only and outline concept of Ketone bodies. (all metabolic pathway in flow chart) II. ENERGY REQUIREMENT OF HUMANS AND CONCEPT OF CALORIE: Calorie concept, measurement of calorie value of food and energy requirement of humans(elementary and outline concept) Physiological fuel value of food, SDA BMIR and factors controlling it. Reference man and woman. Energy requirement during rest and different physical activities and physiological conditions. (as per ICMR 2020) 	5	13

edutips.in

brief)

	I. SPOILAGE OF FOOD AND FOOD POISONING:		
	 Classification of food according to shelf life 		
Unit 3	 General idea of common microorganisms in different foods. 	6	
Food	 Causes of food spoilage 		
Safety And	 Common Food poisoning (elementary concept-their causes/sources, 		
Sanitation	symptoms and preventive measures only.) like Salmonella, Rota virus,		10
	Coliform, Clostridium and streptococcal poisoning.		10
	II. FOOD SAFETY AND PRESERVATION:		
	 Food sanitation practices, rules for food safety-HACCP, FSSAI (origin and 		
	significance), CODEX ALIMENTARIUS.	10	
	 Food preservation methods-concept, objectives and advantages of 		
	different food preservation methods.		
	 Household methods like freezing, drying, blanching etc. 		
	Commercial methods like aseptic canning, milk preservation through		
	pasteurization, smoking of fish, irradiation		
	 Preservation using chemicals, sugar, salt, oil and spices. Concept of Class I 		
	and Class II preservatives (examples only).		
	Primary concept of few common food additives.		
	Food Adulteration (elementary idea) PFA Act, origin of ISI and AGMARK (in		

Semester III:

CLASS TYPE	HOURS
Theory Classe	60
Practical Classes	40
Remedial/Tutorial/Home Assignments	10
TOTAL	110

